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Amendment to Sanitary Norms Establishes Several New MRLs

Report Categories:

Sanitary/Phytosanitary/Food Safety

Approved By: Morgan Haas

Prepared By:

Morgan Haas, Andrei Gryaznov

Report Highlights:

On February 17, 2011, the Ministry of Justice registered the 22nd amendment to the Russian sanitary norms on food products (SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01), issued by the Ministry of Health's Rospotrebnadzor. The amendments include changes to the Russian requirements beyond those prescribed in the Russian-Belarusian-Kazakhstan Customs Union. Changes impact mostly fortified foods and veterinary drugs. Of specific importance, these amendments establish Russia's maximum residue limits for several antimicrobials, antiprotozoals, and insecticides.

Executive Summary

On February 17, 2011, the Ministry of Justice registered the 22nd amendment to the Russian sanitary norms on food products (SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01), issued by the Ministry of Health's Rospotrebnadzor. The amendments include changes to the Russian requirements beyond those prescribed in the Russian-Belarusian-Kazakhstan Customs Union. Changes impact mostly fortified foods and veterinary drugs. Of specific importance, these amendments establish Russia's maximum residue limits for several antimicrobials, antiprotozoals, and insecticides.

Changes are made to the following chapters and appendices:

- Chapter 2 General provisions
- Chapter 3 Hygienic requirements on safety and nutritional value of food products
- Chapter 8 Hygienic requirements on safety and nutritional value of food products enriched with vitamins and minerals
- Appendix № 1 Hygienic safety and nutritional value of food products
 - 1.1 Meat and meat products; poultry, eggs and products made on their basis
 - o 1.2 Milk and milk products
 - o 1.3 Fish, non-fish trade objects and products made on their basis
 - o 1.5 Sugar and confectionary
 - Olive oil material and products made from fat
 - o 1.9 Other products
 - o 1.10 Biologically active food additives
- Appendix № 3 Hygienic safety and nutritional value of baby food
 - o 3.1 Infant formulae (from 0 to 12 months)
 - o 3.2 Foodstuffs for pre-school and school children
 - o 3.3 Specialized products for dietetic therapy of children
 - o 3.5 Products for pregnant and breast breeding (lactating) women
 - O 3.6 Main raw materials and components used for manufacturing of foodstuffs for children
- Appendix № 19 The list of foods that are recommended for enrichment with vitamins and minerals
- Appendix № 20 Criteria for classifying food products as fortified with vitamins and/or minerals
- Appendix № 21 The maximum permissible levels of residues veterinary (animal production) drugs in foods of animal origin, controlled according to information on their use during the manufacture of food raw materials

CHIEF STATE SANITARY PHYSICIAN

RUSSIAN FEDERATION

RESOLUTION

<u>27.</u> <u>12.</u> <u>2010 № 177</u>

Registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 17.02.2011,

registration number 19879

On Approval

SanPiN 2.3.2.2804-10 "Additions and

change number 22 to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01

"Hygienic safety

and nutritional value of food products "

In accordance with Federal law of 30.03.1999 № 52-FZ "On the sanitary-epidemiological welfare of population" (Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 1999, № 14, Art. 1650; 2002, № 1 (Part 1), Art. 2; 2003, № 2, Art. 167, 2003, № 27 (Part 1), Art. 2700; 2004, № 35, Art. 3607, 2005, № 19, Art. 1752, 2006, № 1, Art. 10; 2006, № 52 (Part 1) Art. 5498; 2007 № 1 (Part 1) Art. 21, 2007, № 1 (Part 1) Art. 29, 2007, № 27, Art. 3213, 2007, № 46, Art. 5554, 2007, № 49, Art. 6070, 2008, № 24, Art. 2801, 2008, № 29 (Part 1), Art. 3418, 2008, № 30 (Part 2), Art. 3616, 2008, № 44, Art. 4984, 2008, № 52 (Part 1), Art. 6223, 2009, № 1, Art. 17, 2010, № 40, Art. 4969) and the Government of the Russian Federation 24.7.2000 № 554 "On approval of the State Sanitary and Epidemiological Service of the Russian Federation and the Regulation on state sanitary-epidemiological standardization" (Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2000, № 31, st.3295, 2004, № 8, Art. 663; 2004, № 47, Art. 4666, 2005, № 39, Art. 3953) I decree:

Approve SanPiN 2.3.2.2804-10 "Additions and changes to number 22 to the sanitary-epidemiological rules and standards SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01" Hygienic requirements for safety and nutritional value of food products ", approved by the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation, First Deputy Minister of Health the Russian Federation of 14.11.2001 № 36 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 22.03.2002, registration number 3326), as amended, as amended by Decree of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation, First Deputy Minister of Health of the Russian Federation of 31.05.2002 № 18 "On Amendments to the Resolution of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation, First Deputy Minister of Health of the Russian Federation of 14.11.2001 № 36 "(registered in Ministry of Justice of Russia 04.06.2002, registration number 3499), the decision of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation, First Deputy Minister of Health the Russian Federation of 15.04.2003 № 41 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.1280-03 - additions and changes to the number 2 SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered in Ministry of Justice of Russia 29.05.2003, registration number 4603), the decision of the Chief Medical Officer Russian Federation on June 25, 2007 № 42 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2227-07 - additions and changes to the number 5 SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered in Ministry of Justice of Russia 16.07.2007, registration number 9852), the decision of the Chief State health officer of the Russian Federation of 18.02.2008 № 13 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2340-08 - additions and changes to number 6 to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the

Ministry of Justice of Russia 11.03.2008, registration number 11311), the decision of the Chief State health officer of the Russian Federation of 21.04.2008 № 26 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2354-08 - additions and changes to the number 8 SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 23.05.2008, registration number 11741), the decision of the Chief State health officer of the Russian Federation of 23.05.2008 № 30 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2362-08 - additions and changes to the number 9 SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 06.06.2008, registration number 11805), the decision of the Chief State health officer of the Russian Federation of 16.07.2008 № 43 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2401-08 - additions and changes to the number 10 SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 31.07.2008, registration number 12059), the decision of the Chief State health officer of the Russian Federation of 01.10.2008 № 56 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2421-08 - supplement number 11 to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 02.10.2008, registration number 12391), the decision of the Chief Medical Officer the Russian Federation of 10.10.2008 № 58 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2422-08 - add number 12 to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered in Ministry of Justice of Russia 27.10.2008, registration number 12530), the decision of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation from 11.12.2008 № 69 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2430-08" - change number 13 to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered in Ministry of Justice of Russia 19.12.2008, registration number 12906), the decision of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation 5.5. .2009 № 28 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2509-08 supplement number 14 to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 29.06.2009, registration number 14168), the decision of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation of 08.12.2009 № 73 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2567-09 - additions and changes to the number 15 SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 24.12.2009, registration number 15813), the decision of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation of 27.01.2010 № 6 "On Approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2575-10" - change number 16 to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 10.03.2010, registration number 16592), the decision of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation of 21.04.2010 № 27 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2603-10 - supplement number 17 to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 04.05.2010, registration number 17097), the decision of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation of 28.06.2010 № 71" On Approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2650-10 - additions and changes to the number 18 SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered in Ministry of Justice of Russia 09.08.2010, registration number 18097), the decision of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation of 10.08.2010 № 102 "On Approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2722-10 - add number 19 to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 08.09.2010, registration number 18381), the decision of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation of 05.10.2010 № 127 "On Amendments Resolution of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation of 21.04.2010 № 27 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2603-10" (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 09.11.2010, registration number 18913) Resolution of the Chief State Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation of 12.11.2010 № 145 "On approval SanPiN 2.3.2.2757-10 - supplement number 21 to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01 (registered with the Ministry of Justice of Russia 21.12.2010, registration number 19298) (Appendix).

GG Onishchenko

APPROVED

Resolution of the Chief Federal Sanitary Doctor of the Russian Federation

from "27" December 2010 № 177

Additions and changes to number 22

to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01

HYGIENE REQUIREMENTS

Safety and nutritional value of foods

Sanitary-epidemiological rules and standards

SanPiN 2.3.2. 2804 -10

Make the following additions to the SanPiN 2.3.2.1078-01:

- 1. Add the following paragraph to the Item 2.18:
- For the food products enriched with vitamins and minerals, the information shall be specified "the food product enriched with vitamins and / or mineral substances."
- 2. Item 3.14 read as follows:
- "3.14. In animal products, including baby food, the trace amounts of animal growth promoters are controlled (including hormones), drugs (including antibiotics) used for the purposes of feeding, treatment and prevention of the diseases of livestock and poultry.

The contents of the most frequently used in animal feed and veterinary and medical antibiotics shall be controlled (Annex N_0 I of the present sanitary regulations):

- Bacitracin (bacitracin A, B, C, zinkbacitracin);
- Tetracycline group (tetracycline, oxytetracycline, chlortetracycline the amount of initial chemicals and their 4-epimers),
- A group of penicillin (benzylpenicillin, phenoxymethylpenicillin, ampicillin, amoxycillin, penetamat)
- Streptomycin
- Laevomicetin (chloramphenicol).

- 3. Item 3.15 read as follows:
- "3.15. The control of the content of animal growth promoters (including hormones), drugs (including antibiotics) used in animal husbandry for the purposes of feeding, treatment and prevention of disease of livestock and poultry, as well as products not listed in p.3.14, shall be based on the information provided by the manufacturer (supplier) of the product about the preparations used in its manufacturing and storage (Annex 21 of these Regulations) "
- 4. Paragraph 3.42 to read as new text:
- "3.42. When handling fish fillets with food additives, the moisture content in it must not exceed 86 percent of the mass of fish fillets after removing the icing (glaze).

The mass of the glaze applied on frozen fishery products from fish, should not exceed 5% of the net mass, the mass of the glaze applied on products from crustaceans and their products should not exceed 7% of the net mass, the mass of the glaze applied on products from other (except shellfish), non-fish objects water fisheries (shellfish, invertebrates, algae), amphibians, reptiles and their products should not exceed 8% of the net weight of the glazed frozen fish products."

- 5. Supplement Chapter VIII: «Hygienic requirements on safety and nutritional value of food products enriched with vitamins and minerals" to read:
- «VIII: Hygienic requirements on safety and nutritional value of food products enriched with vitamins and minerals

8.1. Basic requirements for food fortification with micronutrients

- 8.1.1. Food fortification by adding one or more vitamins, macro- and/or trace elements should be done in accordance with the **requirements**:
- Enrichment of the food for common consumption shall be done regularly and widely in the daily diet of adults and children older than 3 years, as well as of the food products subject to refiners and other processes, leading to significant losses of vitamins and minerals:
- To enrich food products, vitamins and minerals should be used for which the insufficient intake and/or signs of deficiency are actually detected in the population;
- It is allowed to use the more complete set of vitamins, macro- and micronutrients in the enriching additives in the form of premix;
- In is allowed to enrich the food with vitamins and/or mineral substances, regardless of whether they present in the original product;
- Safety and effectiveness of improving nutritional intake shall be used as the selection criteria for the list of enriching micronutrient, their doses, and formulations;
- The amount of vitamins and minerals added for enriching the products should be calculated in accordance with their natural content in the initial product or in the raw materials used for its manufacturing, as well as with losses during the manufacturing process and storage, in order to ensure the content of these vitamins and minerals at a level no lower than the regulated one throughout the shelf-life of the enriched product;
- The choice of combinations, formulations, methods and steps of enrichment with additives should be based on the possible chemical interaction between themselves and with the components of enriched product and should provide maximum safety of the product during manufacturing and storage;

- Fortification of food with vitamins and minerals shall not impair the consumer properties of these products: to reduce the content and digestibility of the other nutrients, to significantly alter the organoleptic properties of the products, to reduce their shelf life;
- Fortification of food with vitamins and minerals should not affect the safety performance;
- A guaranteed content of vitamins and minerals in the enriched products should be indicated on the individual package of the product;
- The effectiveness of the inclusion of vitamins and/or minerals to the new and specialized food for their enriching shall be confirmed by the special tests that demonstrate their safety and ability to improve the supply of the body with vitamins and minerals, which are introduced into the fortified foods, as well as have a positive impact on health.
- 8.1.2. For the enrichment of vitamins and / or minerals recommended the following food groups:
- Flour and bakery products,
- Dairy products,
- Non-alcoholic beverages,
- Juice products from fruit (including berries) and vegetables (juice, fruit, and (or) vegetable nectar, fruit, and (or) vegetable juice drinks)
- Oil and fat products (vegetable oils, margarines, spreads, mayonnaise, sauces)
- Salt,
- Cereals (ready-meals, ready-to-eat extruded products, pasta and quick-cooking cereals)
- Food Concentrates (jelly, drinks fast food, dishes that require no cooking, fast cooking porridge concentrates)
- Protein products from the seeds of cereals, legumes and other crops, as well as foodstuffs intended for special groups of population:
- Baby food,
- Dietary products (medical and prophylactic food)
- Functional foods
- Specialty foods, including ones with a given chemical composition.

It is possible to enrich confectionery (sugar and flour) and concentrates of fruit and sugar with vitamins and / or minerals.

- 8.1.3. The enrichment of products of mass consumption with vitamins and / or minerals should be done in accordance with the recommendations of Annex N_2 19 of these Regulations.
- 8.1.4. Shall not to be enriched with vitamins and minerals:
- Food products not subject to technological processing (fruits, vegetables, meat, poultry, fish),

- Fermentation drinks, as well as beverages containing more than 1,2% alcohol (except for low-alcoholic soft drinks, in which vitamins and minerals are introduced for other purposes).

8.2. Formulations and a list of vitamins and minerals

used for food fortification

- 8.2.1. In the production of food products enriched with vitamins and minerals, formulations of vitamins and minerals shall be used in accordance with the Annex N 18 and Annex N 19 of these Regulations. Vitamin K $_2$ (menahinon) and L-metilfolat calcium may be used for the food fortification.
- 8.2.2. It is not allowed to enrich food products of mass consumption with sodium, choline, inositol, carnitine, taurine, copper, manganese, molybdenum, chromium and selenium, with the exception of specialized food products (food for athletes, dietary (medical and prophylactic) food with a given chemical composition), functional foods, and baby foods, as well as biologically active additives.
- 8.2.3. When enriching products with a set of micronutrients, the food enrichers based on vitamins, mineral or vitamin-mineral mixture (premix) and finished homogeneous mixture of food dresser (vitamins and / or mineral) should be used, which are made on the basis of the substance-carrier, that increases the accuracy of insertion and provides more uniform distribution of vitamins and / or minerals in the enriched product. The use of premixes allows to control the amount of added premix measuring the content of several micronutrients and, accordingly, the content of other vitamins and / or mineral substances in finished products.

8.3. Regulated levels of vitamins and minerals in fortified foods

8.3.1. The product is considered as enriched if its average daily portion contains from 15% to 50% of vitamins and / or minerals from the normal physiological need of a man. Weight (volume) of the average daily intake is stipulated by the Attachment N 20 of these Regulations.

During the process of food fortification, the additional insertion of the enriching component must be at least 10% of the normal physiological need of a man.

For energy-rich foods (with the energy value of 350 kcal or more per 100 grams), the amount of vitamins and minerals should comprise 15% to 50% of the normal physiological need of the organism per 100 kcal (a standard portion product).

- 8.3.2. During the production of fortified food products, it is allowed to increase the content of vitamins in relation to the declared level, but not more than for 70 percent for vitamin C and not more than 50 percent for other vitamins, because of the natural degradation of quantity of vitamins in fortified foods during storage within their shelf life.
- 8.3.3. The limits of permissible deviations of the actual content of vitamins and minerals in fortified food products from a declared level (indicated on the label for marking), or the level specified by the recipe:
- For vitamins C, B $_{1}$, B $_{2}$, B $_{6}$, pantothenic acid, niacin and the minerals: magnesium, calcium, phosphorus, iron, zinc \pm 20%;
- For vitamins A, D, E, B₁₂, folic acid, biotin, and mineral iodine ± 30%;
- For mineral substances of iodine in iodized salt \pm 38%.

8.4. Special Requirements for food enriched with vitamins and minerals

- 8.4.1. Developer and (or) the manufacturer of the fortified food products shall include the guaranteed level of vitamins and/or minerals at the end of shelf life to the normative and technical documentation, as well as requirements for their packaging and labeling, shelf life and methods of quality and safety control.
- 8.4.2. Control over the levels of vitamins and minerals in the fortified foods, when you add enriching additives in the form of vitamin and / or vitamin-mineral premix, is allowed to conduct for the content of several components that make up the dresser; by this way the manufacturer performs the responsibility for the appropriate levels of vitamins and / or minerals, which is guaranteed in the standard documentation.
- 8.4.3. The manufacturing of fortified food products shall be conducted in accordance with the normative and technical documentation and must comply with technical regulations for each type of product, and in case of their absence to sanitary rules and norms of the Russian Federation in ensuring the quality and security, and shall be confirmed by the Declaration of Conformity.
- 8.4.4. Fortified food imported into the territory of the Russian Federation shall meet the requirements of the legislation of the Russian Federation in the field of food safety and the requirements of these Regulations.
- 8.4.5. Regulated content of vitamins and minerals in the enriched products should be monitored by the manufacturer.
- 8.4.6. Boxing and packaging of the enriched food products shall ensure the preservation of their quality and safety at all stages of the turnover of the products.

Manufacturer of fortified food products should ensure they are released as packaged and labeled in accordance with legislation of the Russian Federation and the requirements of these Regulations, regulatory and technical documentation.

8.5. Requirements to information for labeling of food products enriched with vitamins and minerals

- 8.5.1. Food products enriched with vitamins and minerals shall be accompanied with information for consumers that is in compliance with the relevant requirements of the legislation of the Russian Federation.
- 8.5.2. The word "enriched" should be indicated on the label of enriched products in the name of such products or in close proximity to it. Additionally, a list of vitamins and / or mineral substances introduced to the composition, guaranteed levels at the end of shelf life in mg per 100 g (ml) of food, or an average daily dose of the product are indicated, as well as the content calculated as a percent of normal physiological dose of these nutrients, and recommendations for the use or features of consumption of such food, if installed.
- 8.5.3. The use of vitamins (C and E, beta-carotene) as food additives antioxidants, vitamin B ₂, beta-carotene and other carotenoids as colorants is not a basis for application to consumer product packaging labels: "With vitamin ..."
- 8.5.4. Consumer information about the content of vitamins and / or minerals is applied to each unit of consumer package of fortified food, to each unit of combined package, as well as on each shipping container of such products.

6. To Appendix № 1 "Hygienic safety and nutritional value of food:

6.1. Items with indices 1.1.1, 1.1.9, 1.1.15, 1.2.1., 1.7.4, 1.7.6, 1.7.7, 1.10.8. in column 2 "rates" in part "Antibiotics" and their permissible levels in columns 3 and 4 for groups of products shall to be composed in the following wording:

Index, Product Group	Indicators	Permissive levels,	Note
		mg / kg, no more	
1	2	3	

				1			4	
1.1.1. Meat, incl semi-finished products, fresh,	Aı	ntih	iotics (except wild a	nima	ls) *:			
chilled, frostbitten, frozen (all kinds of slaughtering, fishing, and wildlife animals), including:		chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)		Not allowed			<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012	
		rac	ycline group	Not	Not allowed		<0.01	
		citr	acin	Not	allowed		<0.02	
1.1.9. Poultry, including semi-finished products	-		ibiotics (except wild	l bird				
chilled, frozen (all types of poultry for slaughter, game birds)			oramphenicol oramphenicol)		Not allowed		<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012	
	t	tetra	acycline group		Not allowed		<0.01	
	ŀ	baci	tracin		Not allowed		<0.02	
01/01/1015 E		4.	**					
01/01/1915. Eggs and liquid egg products (whole egg, egg, egg yolk)	Antibio					<0.0	1	
	chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol) tetracycline group			Not allow	Not <		003 put into effect 01/01/2012	
			group	Not allow	ved	<0.0	1	
	bacitraci			Not allow			.02	
1.2.1. Milk, cream, raw and cooked, buttermilk, whey, fluid milk products, including yogurt, sou		_	ntibiotics: *		Not		<0.01	
milk-based drinks	1	chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)			allowed		<0.003 put into effect from 01/01/2012	
		tetracycline group			Not allowed		<0.01	
		per	nicillins		Not allowed		<0.004	
		stre	reptomycin		Not allowed		<0.2	
154 D 66	1.				-			
1.7.4. Beef fat- raw, pork, mutton and other slau animals (chilled, frozen). Fat pork, refrigerated,			Antibiotics: *		NT.		z0.01	
salted, smoked and products thereof			chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	Not allowed		ed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012	
			tetracycline group		Not allowed		<0.01	
					Not allowe	ed_	<0.02	
1.7.6. Butter			Antibiotics: *					
			chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)		Not allowe	ed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into	
							effect from	

			01/01/2012	
	tetracycline group	Not allowed	<0.01	
	penicillins	Not allowed	<0.004	
	streptomycin	Not allowed	<0.2	
1.7.7. Fatty foods based on a combination of animals, including milk fat and vegetable fat	Antibiotics: *			
	chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	Not allowed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012	
	tetracycline group	Not allowed	<0.01	
	bacitracin	Not allowed	<0.02	

1.10.8. Supplements derived from processing of meat and dairy raw materials, including offal, poultry, arthropods, amphibians, bee products (royal jelly, propolis, etc.) - Dry	Antibiotics: *		
- Supplements based on raw meat, including poultry offal	chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	Not allowed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
	tetracycline group	Not allowed	<0.01
	bacitracin	Not allowed	<0.02
- Supplements based on raw milk	chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	Not allowed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
	tetracycline group	Not allowed	<0.01
	streptomycin	Not allowed	<0.2
	penicillins	Not allowed	<0.004

- 6.2. In the note under the table to paragraph 1.1. the phrase "* When using chemical methods to determine grizin, bacitracin, and tetracycline group antibiotics, the recount of their actual contents in Units / g is conducted by the activity of the standard." shall be replaced by "* It is necessary to control residues of the antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see . item.3.15). "
- 6.3. In the note under the table to paragraph 1.2. the phrase "* When using chemical methods for determining streptomycin, penicillin and tetracycline group antibiotics the recount of their actual contents in Units / g is conducted by the activity of the standard." shall be replaced by "* It is necessary to control residues of the antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see . p.3.15). "
- 6.4. In the note under the table to paragraph 1.7. phrase "** When using chemical methods for determining bacitracin and tetracycline group antibiotics the recount of their actual contents in Unit / g is conducted by the activity of the standard." shall

be replaced with "** It is necessary to control the residual amounts of the antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see . p.3.15). "

- 6.5. The note below the table to paragraph 1.10. shall be read as follows: "* It is also necessary to monitor the residues of pesticides and antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see paragraphs 3.12., 3.13., 3.15.)
- 6.6. Items with indices 1.3.1., 1.3.4., 1.3.5., 1.3.7., 1.5.6., 1.9.2., 1.9.3. in the column "Indicators" to be added with the position of "Antibiotics: *" and their permissible levels in columns 3 and 4 for groups of products in the following wording:

Index, Product Group	Indicators	Permissive levels, mg /	Note	
		kg, no more		
1	2	3	4	
1.3.1. Fish live, raw fish, chilled, frozen, ground beef,	Antibiotics (in the	fish pond and cage maintenand	ce) *:	
sirloin steak, the meat of marine mammals	tetracycline	Not allowed		
	group		< 0.01	

1.3.4. And roes of fish and products thereof, analogues of caviar	Antibiotics (for fish pond and cage maintenanc		ance) *:
	tetracycline group	Not allowed	< 0.01

1.3.5. The liver of fish and products thereof	Antibiotics (for fish pond and cage maintenance)		
	tetracycline group	Not allowed	< 0.01

1.3.7. Non-fish objects fisheries (shellfish, invertebrates, marine algae) and their processed products, amphibians, reptiles	Antibiotics (for objects of fishing pond and casmaintenance) *:		nd cage
	tetracycline group	Not allowed	< 0.01

1.5.6. Honey	Antibiotics * (in imported products according to the supplier):				
	tetracycline group	Not allowed	< 0.01		

1.9.2. Milk whey protein concentrates, casein,	Antibiotics: *		
caseinates, hydrolysates of milk proteins	chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	Not allowed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
	tetracycline group	Not allowed	<0.01
	penicillins	Not allowed	<0.004
	streptomycin	Not allowed	<0.2

1.9.3. Blood protein concentrates (dry	Antibiotics: *		
concentrate of plasma, serum albumin)	chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	Not allowed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
	tetracycline group	Not allowed	<0.01
	bacitracin	Not allowed	<0.02

6.7. In the note below the table to paragraph 1.3., 1.5., 1.9. the word "antibiotic" shall be added and read as follows: "* It is necessary to monitor the residual amounts and for pesticides and antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see paragraphs 3.12., 3.13., 3.15.)

7. In Appendix 3, "Hygienic safety and nutritional value of baby foods":

7.1. Section 3.1. "Food for infants" in paragraphs 3.1.1.1, 3.1.2.3, 3.1.4.1, 3.1.4.3, subsection "2) The safety record" indicator "Antibiotics" and permissible levels in columns 2 and 3 should read :

3.1.1.1. Adapted infant formula (dry, liquid, sweet and sour)

oilili ilaapica mani loiman (ary) nqara, 5 % cot ana boar)					
Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes			
1	2	3			
Antibiotics: *					
chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01			
		<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012			
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01			
penicillins	not allowed	< 0.004			
streptomycin	not allowed	<0.2			

3.1.2.3. Kashi dry milk, requiring cooking

vivier intermed in the property of the propert		
Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes
Antibiotics: *		
chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01
		<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01
penicillins	not allowed	<0.004
streptomycin	not allowed	<0.2

3.1.4.1. Canned meat (beef, pork, lamb, poultry, etc.), including with the addition of by-products

Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes
Antibiotics: *		
chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01
bacitracin	not allowed	<0.02

3.1.4.3. Meat-vegetable canned food

	entine interview of the comment to t		
Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes	
Antibiotics: *			
chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01	
		<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012	
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01	
bacitracin	not allowed	<0.02	

7.2. Section 3.1. "Food for infants" in paragraph 3.1.5.2. "Fish-vegetable canned food" sub-section 2) Performance security to complement the position of "Antibiotics *:" and shall read as follows:

* Antibiotics (a fish pond and cage contents):		
tetracycline group	not allowed	< 0.01

- 7.3. In the note under the table to section 3.1., the phrase "* When using chemical methods to determine grizin, bacitracin, tetracycline group antibiotics, penicillin, streptomycin the recount of their actual contents in Unit / g is conducted by the activity of the standard." shall be replaced by "* It is necessary to monitor residues of the antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see p.3.15). "
- 7.4. Section 3.2. "Food for preschoolers and schoolchildren in paragraphs 3.2.1.1, 3.2.3.1., 3.2.3.2., 3.2.4.1, 3.2.4.3 in the section" 2) The safety indicators" the position" Antibiotics "and acceptable levels by the groups of product shall be worded as follows:

3.2.1.1. Canned meat (including poultry)

eizititi euimeu meur (meiuumg	podicij)	
Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes
Antibiotics: *		
laevomicetin (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01
bacitracin	not allowed	<0.02

3.2.3.1. Semi-finished products of fish and non-fishery harvesting objects

* Antibiotics: for a fish pond and cage maintenance		
tetracycline group	not allowed	< 0.01

3.2.3.2. Culinary products of fish and non-fishery harvesting objects

Antibiotics: *		
laevomicetin	not	<0.01
(chloramphenicol)	allowed	<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012 (for products with milk components)
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01 (for the fish pond and cage maintenance, for products with dairy, egg component)
penicillins	not allowed	<0.004 (for products with milk components)
streptomycin	not allowed	<0.2 (for products with milk components)
bacitracin	not allowed	<0.02 (for products with egg component)

3.2.4.1. Milk, cream, dairy products, including yogurts, milk-based drinks

Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes
Antibiotics: *		
chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01
		<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01
Penicillins	not allowed	< 0.004
Streptomycin	not allowed	<0.2

3.2.4.3. Cheese (solid, semisolid, soft, brine, processed)

Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes
Antibiotics: *		
chloramphenicol (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01
		<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01
Penicillins	not allowed	<0.004

Streptomycin	not allowed	<0.2

- 7.5. In the note under the table to paragraph 3.2.3.2. "Cooking fish products and non-fish fishery objects" phrase "* When using chemical methods to determine grizin, bacitracin, tetracycline group antibiotics, penicillin, streptomycin, the recount of their actual contents in Unit / g is conducted by the activity of the standard." should be replaced by "* It is necessary to monitor residual quantity and the antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see p.3.15). "
- 7.6. In the note under the table to paragraph 3.2.4. Milk and dairy products. "the phrase" * When using chemical methods to determine grizin, bacitracin, tetracycline group antibiotics, penicillin, streptomycin, the recount of their actual contents in Unit / g is conducted by the activity of the standard. "shall be replaced by "*It is necessary to monitor the residual amount and the antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see p.3.15). "
- 7.7. Section 3.3. "Specialty products for therapeutic feeding of children" in paragraphs 3.3.1, 3.3.3, 3.3.6.2, 3.3.7, subsection "2) The safety indicators" the position "Antibiotics" and permissive levels by groups of product shall be worded as the following:

3.3.1. Low Lactose and lactose free products

Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes
Antibiotics: *		
laevomicetin (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01
		<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01
Penicillins	not allowed	< 0.004
Streptomycin	not allowed	<0.2

3.3.3. Dry dairy protein-rich products

Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes
Antibiotics: *		
laevomicetin (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01
		<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01
Penicillins	not allowed	< 0.004
Streptomycin	not allowed	<0.2

3.3.6.2. Freeze-dried products derived from meat

Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes
Antibiotics: *		
laevomicetin (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
tetracycline Rupp	not allowed	<0.01
bacitracin	not allowed	<0.02

3.3.7. Products for premature babies

Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes
Antibiotics: *		
laevomicetin (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	< 0.01
		<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01
Penicillins	not allowed	<0.004

- 7.8. In the note under the table to section 3.3. "Specialty products for therapeutic feeding of children", the phrase "* When using chemical methods to determine grizin, bacitracin, tetracycline group antibiotics, penicillin, streptomycin, the recount of their actual contents in Units / g is conducted by the activity of standard ..." shall be replaced by "* It is necessary to monitor the residual amount and the antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see p.3.15). "
- 7.9. In the Section 3.5. "Food for pregnant and nursing women", in paragraph 3.5.1., in subsection "2) The safety indicators", the position "Antibiotics" and acceptable levels by the groups of product shall be worded as the following:

3.5.1 "Products milk-based and based on soy protein isolates

5.5.1 I roducts mink-based and based on soy protein isolates				
Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes		
Antibiotics: *		In the milk-based products		
laevomicetin (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01		
		<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012		
tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01		
Penicillins	not allowed	< 0.004		
Streptomycin	not allowed	<0.2		

7.10. In the paragraph 3.5.2. "Kasha dairy- and cereal-based (instant cast cooking)", the subsection "2) The safety indicators" shall be added the indicator "Antibiotics" before the line "Pesticides: **" and read as follows:

3.5.2. Kasha milk- and cereal-based (instant cast cooking)

Indicators	Permissive levels, mg / kg, no more	Notes
T-2 toxin	Not allowed	< 0.05
Antibiotics: *	to 3.5.1.	
Pesticides: *		

- 7.11. In the note under the table to section 3.5., the phrase: "* When using chemical methods to determine grizin, bacitracin, tetracycline group antibiotics, penicillin, streptomycin, the recount of their actual content in Unit / g is conducted by the activity of the standard." and "** You must also control the residual amounts of pesticides that were used for production of food raw products (see section 3.8., 3.8.1., 4.5.3.1.) », shall be replaced with one sentence: "* It is necessary to monitor the residual amounts of the pesticides and antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see pp 3.12., 3.13., 3.15.)".
- 7.12. Section 3.6. "The main raw materials and components used in the manufacture of infant foods" in in Paragraphs 3.6.4, 3.6.4, 3.6.5, 3.6.8 in the section "2) The safety", the position "Antibiotics" and acceptable levels by the groups of product shall be worded as follows:

Index, Product Group	Indicators	Permissive levels, mg	Note
		/ kg, no more	
1	2	3	4
3.6.4. The meat of slaughtered	Antibiotics: *		< 0.01
animals (beef, pork, horse meat, etc.)	laevomicetin	not allowed	<0.0003 put into effect
	(chloramphenicol)		from 01/01/2012
	tetracycline group	not allowed	<0.01
	Bacitracin	not allowed	< 0.02
3.6.4.1. Byproducts of slaughtered	Antibiotics: *		< 0.01

animals (liver, heart, tongue)	laevomicetin (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
	tetracycline group	not allowed	< 0.01
	bacitracin	not allowed	< 0.02
3.6.5. Poultry meat	Antibiotics: * laevomicetin (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
	tetracycline group	not allowed	< 0.01
	bacitracin	not allowed	< 0.02
3.6.8. Butter top grade	* Antibiotics: including the content in the melted poultry fat		
Poultry fat melted	laevomicetin (chloramphenicol)	not allowed	<0.01 <0.0003 put into effect from 01/01/2012
	tetracycline group	not allowed	< 0.01
	penicillins	not allowed	< 0.004
	streptomycin	not allowed	<0.2

7.13. Paragraph 3.6.6. "Fish" between the lines of "Mercury" and "Pesticides *" to add the row with index "Antibiotics" and acceptable levels by the groups of product shall be read as follows:

3.6.6. Fish	* Antibiotics: a fish pond and cage maintenance		
	tetracycline group	not allowed	< 0,01

- 7.14. In the note under the table to section 3.6. phrase: " * When using chemical methods to determine grizin, bacitracin, tetracycline group antibiotics, penicillin, streptomycin, the recount of their actual content in the Unit / g is conducted by the activity of the standard." and "** You must also monitor the residual amounts of pesticides that were used in the production of food raw products (see paragraphs 3.12., 3.13.)" shall be replaced with "* It is also necessary to monitor the residues of pesticides and antibiotics that were used in the production of food raw products (see paragraphs 3.12., 3.13., 3.15.)".
 - 8. Supplement with the Appendix № 19, Appendix № 20, and Appendix № 21 in the following wording:

"Appendix № 19

to SanPiN 2.3.2. 1078-01

The list of foods that are recommended for enrichment with vitamins and minerals

Food groups	Micronutrients,
	recommended for the enrichment
1	2
1. Wheat flour and first grade	Vitamins: B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₆ , PP, folic acid, C (processing
	aids)
	Minerals: iron, calcium
2. Bread and bakery products	Vitamins: B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₆ , PP, folic acid, beta-carotene
	Minerals: iron, calcium, iodine
3. Dairy products (milk product, milk component product,	Vitamins: C, A, E, D, K, beta carotene, B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₆ , PP,
milk products, milk processing)	B ₁₂ , folic acid, pantothenic acid, biotin
	Minerals: iron, calcium, iodine
4. Soft drinks	Vitamins: C, A, E, D, K, beta-carotene and other
	carotenoids, B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₆ , PP, B ₁₂ , folic acid, pantothenic

	acid, biotin Minerals: iodine, iron, calcium
5. Juice products from fruit (including berries) and vegetables (juice, fruit, and (or) vegetable nectar, fruit, and (or) vegetable juice drinks)	Vitamins: C, A, E, beta carotene, B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₆ , PP, folic acid Minerals: iodine, iron, calcium
6. Cereal products (ready meals, ready-to-eat extruded foods, pasta and cereals quick-cooking)	Vitamins: C, A, E, D, beta carotene, B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₆ , PP, B ₁₂ , folic acid, pantothenic acid, biotin Minerals: iron, calcium, iodine
7. Fat products (vegetable oils, margarines, spreads, mayonnaise, sauces)	Vitamins: A, E, D, beta-carotene
8. Food Concentrates (jelly, drinks fast food, dishes that require no cooking)	Vitamins: C, A, E, D, K, beta carotene, B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₆ , PP, B ₁₂ , folic acid, pantothenic acid, biotin Minerals: iodine, iron, calcium, magnesium, potassium
9. Confectionery	Vitamins: C, A, E, beta carotene, B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₆ , PP, folic acid Minerals: iodine, iron, calcium, magnesium
10. Fruit and berry concentrates with added sugar or other sweetening matter (jam, marmalade, jams, jellies, popsicles, etc.)	Vitamins: C, A, E, beta carotene, B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₆ , PP, folic acid Minerals: iodine, iron, calcium
12. Sol Food Cooking	Minerals: iodine, fluorine, *, potassium, magnesium

 $[\]ensuremath{^*}$ - For the territories with deficiency of this microelement.

Criteria for classifying food products as fortified with vitamins and / or minerals

Food groups	Weight (volume) of food, which shall contain not less than 15% and not more than 50% of normal physiological requirements for micronutrients
Wheat flour and first grade	100 g
Bread and bakery products made from wheat flour Class and Class and rye-wheat flour	150 g
Fluid milk products, protein products from the seeds of cereals, legumes and other crops liquid (soy milk)	200 ml
Dairy products and products of protein from the seeds of cereals, legumes and other crops (tofu), the solid and pasty	100 g
Juice products from fruit (including berries) and (or) vegetables, soft drinks, including made from food concentrates	300 ml
Dry cereal products (ready meals, ready-to-eat extruded foods, pasta and cereals fast food, do not require cooking)	50 g
Fat products, confectionery, cheese rennet, solid, tinned food and concentrates, vegetable, fruit, berry and Food Concentrates	Per 100 kcal
Iodized salt is common salt	1-2 g
Sol Food Cooking	5 g

Appendix № 21

to SanPiN 2.3.2.1078 -01

"The maximum permissible levels of residues of veterinary (animal production) drugs in foods of animal origin, controlled according to information on their use during the manufacture of food raw materials"

Index	Name of drugs	Type of agricultural animals	Product Name	Maximum residue levels (mg / kg, no more than)	Notes
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Antimicrobial prepara	tions ²			
1.1	Apramicin	all kinds of	Meat, fat	1	
	(Aminoglycosides)	slaughtered	Liver	10	
		animals and poultry	Kidneys	20	
1.2	Gentamycin	all kinds of	Meat, fat	0.05	
	(Aminoglycosides)	slaughtered	Liver	0.2	
		animals	Kidneys	0.75	
		cattle	Milk	0.1	

1.3	Kanamycin	All kinds of	Meat, fat	0.1	
	(Aminoglycosides)	slaughtered	Liver	0.6	
		animals and	Kidneys	2.5	
		birds with the exception of fish	Milk	0.15	
1.4	Neomycin	All kinds of	Meat, fat	0.5	Including framecitine
	(Aminoglycosides)	slaughtered	Eggs and	0.5	
		animals,	liquid egg		
		including poultry and fish	products		
		pond and cage	Kidneys	5	
		maintenance	Liver	0.5	
1.	<u> </u>		Milk	1.5	
1.6	Paromomycin (A min a dwasi das)	All kinds of	Meat	0.5	
	(Aminoglycosides)	slaughtered animals, including poultry and fish pond and cage maintenance	Liver and kidney	1.5	
1.7	Spectinomycin	All kinds of	Fat	0.5	
	(Aminoglycosides)	slaughtered	Meat	0.3	
		animals,	Kidneys	5	
		including poultry and fish	Beef liver	1	
		pond and cage contents except sheep	Milk	0.2	
		Sheep	Fat	0.5	
			Meat	0.3	
			Kidneys	5	
			Liver	2	
			Milk	0.2	
1.8	Streptomycin /	All kinds of	Meat	0.5	
	Dihydrostreptomycin	slaughtered	Fat	0.5	
	(Aminoglycosides)	animals	Liver	0.5	
			Kidneys	1	
		Poultry	Eggs and egg products	0.5	
1.9	Ceftiofur	All kinds of	Meat	1.0	The sum of all residues
	(Cephalosporins)	slaughtered	Liver	2.0	containing β-lactam
		mammals, poultry	Kidneys	6.0	structure, expressed as desphyroil-cephtiofur
		pourity	Fat	2.0	——————————————————————————————————————
			Milk	0.1	
1.10	Cefacetrile (Cephalosporins)	Cattle	Milk	0.125	When using by injection in udder
1.11	Cefalexin	Cattle	Milk	0.1	
	(Cephalosporins)		Meat	0.2	
			Fat	0.2	
			Kidneys	1	
			Liver	0.2	

1.12	Cefalonium (Cephalosporins)	Cattle	Milk	0.02	
1.13	Cefoperazone (Cephalosporins)	Cattle	Milk	0.05	
1.14	Tsefkinom	Cattle, pigs,	Meat	0.05	
	Cefquinome	horses	Skin	0.05	
	(Cephalosporins)		Fat	0.05	
			Liver	0.1	
			Kidneys	0.2	
			Milk	0.02	
1.15	Cefapirin	Cattle	Meat	0.05	Sum of cefapirin and
	(Cephalosporins)		Fat	0.05	deacetyle-cefapirin
			Kidneys	0.1	
			Milk	0.01	
1.16.	All substances	All kinds of	Meat	0.1	The sum of all residues
	sulphanylamide group	slaughtered	Fat	0.1	of this group should not
	(sulfonamides)	animals and	Liver	0.1	exceed the MRL
		poultry	Kidneys	0.1	
		Cattle Sheep Goats	Milk	0.025	
1.17.	Baquiloprim	Cattle	Fat	0.01	
	(Derivatives	pig	Liver	0.3	
	diaminopirimidina)		Kidneys	0.15	
			Milk	0.03	
			Skin and fat	0.04	
			Liver	0.05	
			Kidneys	0.05	
1.18.	Trimethoprim	All kinds of	Meat	0.05	
	(Derivatives	slaughtered	Liver	0.05	
	diaminopirimidina)	animals and	Kidneys	0.05	
		poultry, except	Fat	0.05	
		for horses	Milk	0.05	
		Horses	Meat	0.1	
			Liver	0.1	
			Kidneys	0.1	
			Fat	0.1	
1.19.	Clavulanic acid	Cattle, pigs	Meat	0.1	
	(Inhibitors betalaktamazy)	71 8	Fat (pig skin and fat)	0.1	
			Liver	0.2	
			Kidneys	0.4	
		Cattle	Milk	0.2	
1.20.	Lincomycin /	All kinds of	Meat	0.1	
	Clindamycin	slaughtered	Fat, skin	0.05	
	(Linkozamidy)	animals and	Liver	0.5	
		poultry	Kidneys	1.5	
			Milk	0.15	

			Eggs and liquid egg products	0.05	
1.21	Pirlimycin	all kinds of	Meat	0.1	
	(Linkozamidy)	slaughtered	Liver	1	
		animals and	Kidneys	0.4	
		poultry	Milk	0.1	
1.22.	Thiamphenicol (Florfenikoly)	all kinds of slaughtered animals, including	Meat (fish in the natural proportions of skin)	0.05	As the sum of thiamphenicol and thiamphenicol conjugates per count on
		poultry and fish pond and cage	Liver (except fish)	0.05	thiamphenicol
		maintenance	Kidney (except fish)	0.05	
			Fat (for pigs and poultry in the natural proportions of skin)	0.05	
			Milk	0.05	
1.23	Florfenicol	Cattle, sheep,	Meat	0.2	Sum of florfenicol and
	(Florfenikoly)		Liver	3	its metabolites
			Fat	0.2	as florfenicol-amine
			Kidneys	0.3	
		Pigs	Meat	0.3	
			Liver	2	
			Kidneys	0.5	
			Fat, skin	0.5	
		Poultry	Meat	0.1	
			Liver	2.5	
			Kidneys	0.75	
			Fat, skin	0.2	
		Fish pond and cage maintenance	Meat (in the natural proportions of skin)	1	
		Other species	Meat	0.1	
			Fat	0.2	
			Liver	2	
			Kidneys	0.3	
1.24.	Flumequine	Cattle, sheep,	Meat	0.2	
	(Quinolones)	goats, pigs	Liver	0.5	
			Kidneys	1.5	
			Fat	0.3	
			Milk	0.05	
		Poultry	Meat	0.4	
			Liver	0.8	
			Kidneys	1	
			Fat, skin	0.25	

		Fish pond and cage	Meat (in the natural	0.6	
		maintenance	proportions of skin)		
		Other species	Meat	0.2	
		1	Liver	0.5	
			Kidneys	1	1
			Fat	0.25	
1.25.	Ciprofloxacin /	All kinds of	Meat	0.1	The sum of
1.20.	Enrofloxacin / pefloxacin	slaughtered	Fat (pig in	0.1	fluoroquinolones
	/ ofloxacin / norfloxacin	animals,	the natural		1
	(Fluoroquinolones)	including	proportions of		
		poultry and fish	skin)		
		pond and cage maintenance			
			Milk	0.1	_
		Cattle, sheep, goats			-
		goats	Liver	0.3	_
		D 1	Kidneys	0.2	4
		Poultry	Liver	0.2	_
			Kidneys	0.3	
			Skin	0.1	
		Pigs, rabbits	Liver	0.2	
			Kidneys	0.3	
1.26.	Sarafloxacin	turkeys,	Meat	0.01	
	(Quinolones)	chickens	Liver	0.1	
			Kidneys	0.1	
			Skin and fat	0.01	
		fish pond and	Meat (in the	0.03	
		cage contents (salmon)	natural proportions of		
		(samon)	skin)		
1.27.	Danofloxacin	Large and	Meat	0.2	
	(Quinolones)	small livestock,	Liver	0.4	
		poultry	Kidneys	0.4	
			Fat (poultry	0.1	
			skin and fat)		
			Milk	0.03	_
		Other types of	Meat (for the	0.1	
		slaughtered	fish in the		
		animals, including fish	natural proportions of		
		pond and cage	proportions of skin)		
		maintenance	Liver	0.2	-
			Kidneys	0.2	-
			Fat (pig in	0.05	-
			the natural	0.00	
			proportions of		
			skin)		
1.28.	Difloxacin	Cattle, sheep,	Meat	0.4	_
	(Quinolones)	goats	Liver	1.4	

			Vidnova	0.0	-
			Kidneys	0.8	-
		D'	Fat	0.1	_
		Pigs	Meat	0.4	-
			Liver	0.8	_
			Kidneys	0.8	
			Skin and fat	0.1	
		Poultry	Meat	0.3	
			Liver	1.9	
			Kidneys	0.6	
			Skin and fat	0.4	
		Other types of	Meat (for the	0.3	
		slaughtered	fish in the	0.8	
		animals,	natural	0.6	
		including fish	proportions of	0.1	
		pond and cage	skin)		
		maintenance	Liver		
			Kidneys		
			Fat		1
1.29.	Marbofloxacin	Cattle	Meat	0.15	
	(Quinolones)	pig	Fat (pig Fat	0.05	=
	,		in natural		
			proportions of		
			skin)		
			Liver	0.15	
			Kidneys	0.15	1
			Milk	0.075	1
1.30.	Oxolinic acid	All kinds of	Meat (for the	0.1	
	(Quinolones)	slaughtered	fish in the		
	,	animals,	natural		
		including	proportions of		
		poultry and fish	skin)		
		pond and cage	Liver	0.15	
		maintenance	Kidneys	0.15	
			Fat (for pigs	0.05	
			and poultry		
			skin and fat in		
			natural		
1.01	E 4	A 11 1 1 1 C	proportions)	0.2	
1.31.	Erythromycin	All kinds of	Meat (fish in	0.2	
	(Macrolides)	slaughtered	natural		
		animals,	proportion		
		including poultry and fish	with the skin)	0.2	-
		pond and cage	Liver	0.2	1
		maintenance	Kidneys	0.2	-
			Fat (pig in	0.2	
			the natural		
			proportions of		
			skin)	0.04	-
			Milk	0.04	4
			Eggs and	0.15	
			liquid egg		1

			products			
1.32.	Spiramycin	Cattle	Meat	0.2	Sum of spiramycin and	
	(Macrolides)		Fat	0.3	neospiramycin	
			Liver	0.3		
			Kidneys	0.3		
			Milk	0.2		
		Chickens	Meat	0.2		
			Skin and fat	0.3		
			Liver	0.4		
		Pigs	Meat	0.25	Spiramycin equivalents	
			Liver	2	(residues with	
			Kidneys	1	antimicrobial activity)	
			Fat	0.3		
1.33.	Tilmicosin	Poultry	Meat	0.075		
	(Macrolides)		Skin and fat	0.075		
			Liver	1		
			Kidneys	0.25		
		Other types of	Meat (for the	0.05		
		slaughtered	fish in the			
		animals,	natural			
		including fish	proportions of			
		pond and cage maintenance	skin)	1		
		mamichanec	Liver	1		
			Kidneys	1		
			Fat (pig in the natural	0.05		
			proportions of			
			skin)			
			Milk	0.05		
1.34.	Tylosin (macrolide)	All kinds of	Meat (for the	0.1	As Tylosin A	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	slaughtered	fish in the		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		animals,	natural			
		including	proportions of			
		poultry and fish	skin)			
		pond and cage maintenance	Liver	0.1		
		mamichanec	Kidneys	0.1		
			Fat (for pigs	0.1		
			and poultry in the natural			
			proportions of			
			skin)			
			Eggs	0.2		
			Milk	0.05		
1.35.	Tylvalosin	Pigs	Meat	0.05	Sum of tylvalosin and	
	(Macrolides)		Fat and skin	0.05	3-O- acetyltylozine	
			Liver	0.05		
			Kidneys	0.05		
		Poultry	Meat	0.05		
		1 Outu y	Fat and skin	0.05		
			Liver		 	
			Liver	0.05		

1.36.	Tulathromycin	Cattle	Fat	0.1	(2R, 3S, 4R, 5R, 8R, 1
1.50.	(Macrolides)	Pigs	Liver	3	0R, 11R, 12S, 13S,
	(18-	Kidneys	3	1914R) - 2 - ethyl
			Skin and fat	0.1	3,4,10,13 - tetrahydroxi
			Liver	3	- 3,5.8,10,12,14 -
			Kidneys	3	hexamethyl - 11 -
			Kidneys		[[3,4.6 -trideoksi - 3 - (dimethylamino) - β - D -xylo - hexopyranocyl] o xi] - 1 - oxa - 6 - azacylopent - decan - 15 -one, expressed as equivalents of
					tulatromicin
1.37.	Tiamulin	Pigs,	Meat	0.1	Sum of metabolites
1.37.	(Plevromutiliny)	rabbits	Liver	0.5	which can be
		Chickens	Meat	0.1	hydrolyzed in 8-α-
		Cinckens	Skin and fat	0.1	hydroxymutilin
			Liver	1	
			Eggs and	1	
			liquid egg		
			products		
		Turkeys	Meat	0.1	
		·	Skin and fat	0.1	
			Liver	0.3	
1.38.	Valnemulin	Pigs	Meat	0.05	
	(Plevromutiliny)		Liver	0.5	
			Kidneys	0.1	
1.39.	Rifaximin / Rifampicin (Ansamitsiny)	All kinds of slaughtered animals, including poultry and fish pond and cage maintenance	Meat	From 01/01/2012	Rifaximin
		Cattle	Milk	0.06	
		Bees	Honey	From 01/01/2012	
1.40.	Colistin (Polymyxins)	All kinds of slaughtered animals, including poultry and fish	Meat (for the fish in the natural proportions of skin)	0.15	
		pond and cage maintenance	Fat (for pigs and poultry skin and fat in natural proportions)	0.15	
			Liver	0.15	
			Kidneys	0.2	
			Milk	0.05	

			Eggs and liquid egg products	0.3		
1.41.	Bacitracin	Cattle	Milk	0.1	The sum of bacitracin	
	(Polypeptides)	Rabbits	Meat	0.15	A, B, C, including in	
			Fat	0.15	the form of zinc	
			Liver	0.15	bacitracin	
			Kidneys	0.15		
1.42.	Novobiocin	Cattle	Milk	0.05		
1.43.	Avilamycin	Pigs, domestic	Meat	0.05	Dichloriso-everninic	
	(Ortozomitsiny)	poultry,	Fat	0.1	Acid	
		rabbits	Liver	0.3		
			Kidneys	0.2		
1.44.	Monensin	Cattle	Meat	0.002	Monensin A	
	(Ionophores)		Fat	0.01		
			Liver	0.03		
			Kidneys	0.002		
			Milk	0.002		
		Other types of	Liver	0.008		
		slaughtered	Other	0.002		
		animals and poultry, except for chickens, turkeys	products			
1.45.	Lasalocid	Poultry	Meat	0.02	Lasalocid A	
	(Ionophores)		Skin and fat	0.1		
			Liver	0.1		
			Kidneys	0.05		
			eggs	0.15		
		Other types of	Milk	0.001	Sodium lasalocid	
		slaughtered	Liver	0.05		
		animals,	Kidneys	0.05		
		including fish pond and cage maintenance	Other products	0.005		
1.46.	Nitrofurans (including furazolidone)	All kinds of slaughtered		From 01/01/2012	not permitted in products of	
		animals,	Meat	<0.1	animal origin at the level of determination	
		including poultry and fish	Skin and fat	<0.1	methods	
		pond and cage	Liver	<0.1	methods —	
		maintenance,	Kidneys	<0.1		
		bee	eggs	<0.1		
			Milk	<0.1		
			honey	<0.1		
1.47.	Metronidazole / dimetridazole / ronidazole / dapsone /	All kinds of slaughtered animals, including	Meat Skin and fat	From 01/01/2012	not permitted in products of animal origin at the level of determination methods	
	clotrimazole /	poultry and fish	Liver			
	aminitrizole	pond and cage	Kidneys			

		maintenance, bee	eggs Milk honey		
1.48.	Flavomycin	All kinds of	noney	Until	Flavophospholipol
	(Streptothricins)	slaughtered		01/01/2012	
		animals,	Meat	0.7	
		including poultry and fish	Liver	0.7	
		pond and cage	Kidneys	0.7	
		maintenance,	Fat	0.7	
		shrimp	Eggs	0.7	
			Milk	0.7	
	Doxiciclin	Cattle	Meat	0.1	
1.49.	(Tetracyclines)		Liver	0.3	
			Kidneys	0.6	
		Pigs,	Meat	0.1	
		domestic	Skin and fat	0.3	
		poultry	Liver	0.3	
			Kidneys	0.6	
1.50.	Benzylpenicillin /	All kinds of	Meat (for the	0.05	
	Penethamate	slaughtered	fish in the		
	(Penicillin group)	animals,	natural		
		including	proportions of		
		poultry and fish	skin)		
		pond and cage	Fat (for pigs	0.05	
		maintenance	and poultry in		
			the natural		
			proportions of skin)		
			Liver	0.05	
				0.05	_
1.51.	Ampicillin	All kinds of	Kidneys Meat (for the	0.05	
1.31.	(Penicillin group)	slaughtered	fish in the	0.03	
	(1 cincinni group)	animals,	natural		
		including	proportions of		
		poultry and fish	skin)		
		pond and cage	Fat	0.05	
		maintenance	Liver	0.05	
			Kidneys	0.05	
			Milk	0.004	
1.52.	Amoxicillin	All kinds of	Meat (for the	0.05	
	(Penicillin group)	slaughtered	fish in the		
		animals,	natural		
		including	proportions of		
		poultry and fish pond and cage	skin)	0.05	
		maintenance	Fat	0.05	
		mannenance	Liver	0.05	_
			Kidneys	0.05	_
			Milk	0.004	
1.53.	Cloxacillin	All kinds of	Meat	0.3	
	(Penicillins)	slaughtered	Fat	0.3	

		animals,	Liver	0.3	
		including	Kidneys	0.3	
	poultry and fish pond and cage maintenance	Milk	0.03		
1.54.	Dicloxacillin	All kinds of	Meat	0.3	
	(Penicillins)	slaughtered	Fat	0.3	
		animals,	Liver	0.3	
		including poultry and fish	Kidneys	0.3	
		pond and cage maintenance	Milk	0.03	
1.55.	Nafcillin	All types	Meat	0.3	
	(Penicillins)	ruminants	Fat	0.3	
		Animals	Liver	0.3	
			Kidneys	0.3	
			Milk	0.03	
1.56.	Oxacillin	All kinds of	Meat	0.3	
	(Penicillins)	slaughtered	Fat	0.3	
		animals, including	Liver	0.3	
		poultry and fish	Kidneys	0.3	
		pond and cage maintenance	Milk	0.03	
1.57.	Phenoximethylpenicillin	Pigs	Meat	0.025	
	(Penicillin group)		Liver	0.025	
			Kidneys	0.025	
		Domestic	Meat	0.025	
		poultry	Skin and fat	0.025	
			Liver	0.025	
			Kidneys	0.025	

2.	Antiprotozoal preparations ²						
2.1.	Diclazuril	sheep	meat	0.5	as Diclazuril		
		rabbits	liver	3.0			
		kidneys	2.0				
			fat	1.0			
		Poultry (chickens, broilers, turkeys for	meat	0.5			
		fattening) pigs	liver	3			
		kidneys	2				
			fat, skin	1			
		Other types of slaughtered animals, including	Eggs				
		fish pond and cage maintenance		0.002			
			Liver	0.04			
			Kidneys	0.04			
			Other				
			products	0.005			
2.2.	Imidocarb	cattle	meat	0.3	as Imidocarb		
			Fat	0.05			

			Liver	2	
			Kidneys	1.5	
			Milk	0.05	
		Sheep	meat	0.03	_
			Fat	0.05	_
			Liver	2	_
			Kidneys	1.5	
2.3.	Toltrazuril	All types	Meat	0.1	Toltrazuril sulfone
		productive	Fat	0.5	
		Mammals	Liver	0.25	
			Kidneys	0.5	
		Domestic poultry	Meat	0.1	
			Skin and fat	0.2	
			Liver	0.6	
			Kidneys	0.4	
2.4.	Nicarbazin	Chicken broilers	Meat	0.2	As N, N'-bis (4-
			Liver	0.2	nitrophenyl) urea
			Kidneys	0.2	
			Fat, skin	0.2	
		Other types of slaughtered animals, including	Eggs	0.1	
		fish pond and cage maintenance	Milk		
				0.005	
			Liver	0.1	
			Kidneys	0.1	
			Other		
			products	0.025	
2.5.	Amprolium	Chicken broilers,	Meat	0.2	
		turkey	Skin and fat	0.2	
			Liver	0.2	
			Kidneys	0.4	
			Eggs	1	
2.6.	Robenidine	All kinds of slaughtered animals, fish and	Eggs		Robenidine
		poultry, except for chickens, turkeys and		0.025	hydrochloride
		rabbits for fattening	Liver	0.05	
			Kidneys	0.05	_
			Skin and fat	0.05	
			Other	0.005	
2.7.	Semduramicin	All kinds of slaughtered animals, including	products All kinds of	0.005	
2.7.	Semauramicin	fish pond and cage maintenance, excluding broilers	products	0.002	
2.8.	Narasin	All kinds of slaughtered animals, including	Eggs		
		fish pond and cage maintenance, excluding		0.002	
		broilers	Milk		
				0.001	
			Liver	0.05	
			Other	0.007	
			products	0.005	

2.9.	Maduramicin	All kinds of slaughtered animals, including fish pond and cage maintenance, excluding broiler chickens and turkeys	All kinds of products	0.002	
2.10.	Salinomycin	All kinds of slaughtered animals, including poultry, fish pond and cage maintenance, excluding broiler chickens and rabbits for fattening	Liver (except for rabbit)	0.005	Salinomycin sodium
			Eggs	0.003	
			Other products	0.002	
2.11.	Halofuginone	All kinds of slaughtered animals, including poultry, fish pond and cage maintenance, excluding broiler chickens, turkeys and cattle, but milk	Meat	0.01	
			Fat and skin	0.025	
			Liver	0.03	
			Kidneys	0.03	
			Eggs	0.006	
			Milk	0.001	
			Other products	0.003	
2.12.	Decoquinate	All kinds of slaughtered animals, including poultry, fish pond and cage maintenance, excluding broilers, cattle and small livestock, except dairy	All kinds of products	0.02	

3.	Insecticides ²				
3.1.	Cyhalothrin	Cattle, pigs,	Meat	0.02	Similar to Cyhalothrin
		sheep	Livers	0.02	
			Kidneys	0.02	
			Fat	0.4	
		Cattle	Milk	0.03	
3.2.	Dicyclanil	Sheep	Meat	0.2	Total of Dicyclanil
			Livers	0.4	and
			Kidneys	0.4	2, 4, 6-triamino- pyrimidine -5-
			Fat	0.15	carbonitrile
3.3.	Trichlorfon (Metrifonate)	Cattle	Milk	0.05	Similar to trichlorfon
3.4.	Deltamethrin	Cattle, sheep,	Meat	0.03	Similar to Delta-methrin
		chicken	Livers	0.05	
			Kidneys	0.05	
			Fat	0.5	
		Cattle	Milk	0.03	
		chicken	Eggs	0.03	
		fish (salmon)	Meat	0.03	
3.5.	Phoxim	Sheep, goats	Meat	0.05	Similar to Phoxim
			Livers	0.05	7
			Kidneys	0.05	\exists
			Fat	0.4	
		Pigs	Meat	0.02	
			Skin and	0.7	

1	I		fat		7
			Livers	0.02	7
			Kidneys	0.02	7
		Chicken	Meat	0.025	-
		CHICKEH	Skin and		-
			fat	0.55	
			Livers	0.05	-
			Kidneys	0.03	
			Eggs	0.05	=
3.6.	Cyfluthrin	Cattle, goats	Meat	0.01	Similar to Cyfluthrin
3.0.	Cymumm	Cattle, goats	Fat	0.05	(total of isomers)
			Livers	0.03	(total of isomers)
			Kidneys	0.01	7
			Milk	0.02	7
3.7.	Cypermethrin a. Alpha-	All ruminant	Meat	0.02	Cyper-
	Cypermethrin	animals	Fat	0.2	methrin (total of isomers)
			Livers	0.02	7
			Kidneys	0.02	muscles and skin of fish in natural
			Milk	0.02	proportion
		Salmon species	Meat	0.05	7
3.8.	Fluazuron	Cattle	Meat	0.2	
			Livers	0.5	
			Kidneys	0.5	
			Fat	7.0	
3.9.	Amitrase	Cattle	Fat	0.2	Total of Amitrase and
			Livers	0.2	all metabolites,
			Kidneys	0.2	containing
			Milk	0.01	2,4-
		Sheep	Fat	0.4	dimetoxiam
			Livers	0.1	fetamin
			Kidneys	0.2	(2,4-DMA)
			Milk	0.01	group , defined as Amitrase
		Goats	Fat	0.2	defined as Affiliase
			Livers	0.1	
			Kidneys	0.2	
			Milk	0.01	
		Pigs	Skin and	0.4	7
			fat		
			Livers	0.2	
			Kidneys	0.2	
		Bees	Honey	0.2	

Note:

¹ - Maximum levels of residues of antimicrobial agents for fat, liver and kidneys do not apply to fish.

² - Control of all the drugs included in the index 1 "antimicrobial agents", except for streptomycin / dihydrostreptomycin, substances sulphanylamide group (sulfonamides), antibiotics of tetracycline group, bacitracin in meat, liver, kidney, penicillin group, the index 2 "antiprotozoa medicines, Code 3 "Insecticides" - since the approval of the methods of determination."